



UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
DI BRESCIA

Department of Molecular and Translational Medicine

**PhD Program in Molecular Genetics, Biotechnologies and
Experimental Medicine**

“Raman Spectroscopy in Biological and Medical Research - Trends and Perspectives”

Prof. Malgorzata Barańska

Faculty of Chemistry, Jagiellonian University in Krakow, Poland

May 6, 2025

15:00

Aula C2

Ospiti: Prof.ssa Longhi,
prof. Mazzeo, prof. Fusè

Raman Spectroscopy in Biological and Medical Research - Trends and Perspectives

Malgorzata Barańska

Faculty of Chemistry, Jagiellonian University in Krakow, Poland

Raman spectroscopy is considered as a promising tool for detection of subtle chemical alterations in various cells due to low signal from water, non-destructive approach, good spatial resolution, photostability, and the possibility of obtaining full chemical information at once. However, spontaneous scattering is rather weak and requires long time for spectra acquisition. The alternative is Stimulated Raman Spectroscopy (SRS) or Coherent Anti-stokes Raman Spectroscopy (CARS) using non-linear effects to enhance intensity of scattered light. Raman microscopy can be successfully used for living systems to analyse below the micron scale, at the level of single organelles and molecules (metabolites), but sometimes it lacks sensitivity or specificity or speed.

The use of molecular probes in Raman imaging is a relatively new technique in subcellular research, however, very fast and dynamically developing. Compared to the label-free method, it allows for a more sensitive and selective visualization of organelles within a single cell. Directly visualizing biological structures and activities at the cellular and subcellular levels remains by far one of the most intuitive and powerful ways to study biological problems. For hyperspectral detection and imaging of living cells, it is very desirable to use probes with strong and unique Raman vibrations in the biological silent region (1800 – 2800 cm⁻¹). Here it is shown a biorthogonal chemical imaging of cells to track biochemical changes associated with mitochondrial function at the cellular level in an in vitro model. Both commercially available and newly synthesized highly sensitive Raman probes for selective imaging of mitochondria in live cells is presented.

Hence, the main goal of this study is to overcome methodological and technical limits of Raman imaging in detecting small organelles and specific molecules within cells by harnessing physics, chemistry, medicine, pharmacology, biology, engineering, and data analysis, to use these advanced technologies in life sciences. The combination of specificity and sensitivity of the Raman probes with information obtained from spontaneous Raman spectroscopy and SRS/CARS on living cells gives diagnostic potential to these methods. They can support classic approaches in tracking cellular processes, studying chemoresistance, and characterizing drug-cell interactions.

This research was funded in whole or in part by the National Science Center Poland (NCN), Maestro 2022/46/A/ST4/00054 to Malgorzata Barańska.

References

- [1] K. Brzozowski et al. "A unique Tandem Raman Microscopy (TRAM) integrating spontaneous and coherent Raman scattering offers integrated data analysis to improve optical biosensing", *Optica*, **2025**, vol 12 (1), 11-23
- [2] A. Pieczara et al. "A new highly sensitive and specific Raman probe for live cell imaging of mitochondrial function", *ACS Sensors*, **2024**, 9,2, 995–1003
- [3] A. Pieczara et al. Modified glucose as a sensor to track the metabolism of individual living endothelial cells - observation of the 1602 cm⁻¹ band called "Raman spectroscopic signature of life". *Biosensors and Bioelectronic*, **2023**, 230, 115234, 1-9,
- [4] B. Radwan et al. "EdU sensing: the Raman way of following endothelial cell proliferation in vitro and ex vivo". *Biosensors and Bioelectronics*, **2022**, 15, 114624.
- [5] Matuszyk, E. et al.. "Multiplex Raman imaging of organelles in endothelial cells." *Spectrochim. Acta Part A Mol. Biomol. Spectrosc.*, **2021**, 255, 119658
- [6] W. Korona, B. Orzechowska, K. Siąkała, A. Nowakowska, A. Pieczara, S. Buda, R. Pawłowski, J. Młynarski, M. Barańska, "Bioorthogonal Raman and IR probes for live cell metabolomics: A library", *Sensors and Actuators B Chemical*, **2025**, 430 (2025) 137363